

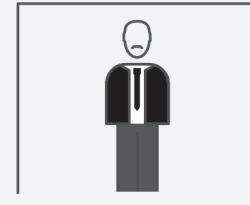
RUSSIAN REVOLUTION TIMELINE

OS

Old Style, i.e. Julian
Calendar (in use in
Russia until 1918)

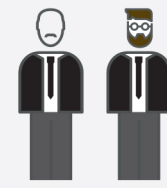
NS

New Style, i.e.
Gregorian Calendar
(in use now)



20th October OS (1st November NS) 1894
Tsar Nicholas II becomes Emperor of Russia.

8th December OS (20th December NS) 1895
Lenin kept in solitary confinement for 13 months, before being exiled to Siberia for three years for sedition.



17th October OS (30th October NS) 1905

Tsar Nicholas II issues the October Manifesto, which brings the 1905 Revolution to an end.



9th January OS (22nd January NS) 1905

'Bloody Sunday' marks the start of the 1905 Revolution.



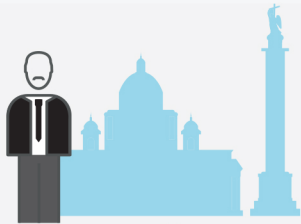
17th July OS (30th July NS) 1903

The Russian Social Democratic Labour Party splits into two factions, the Mensheviks ('minority') and Bolsheviks ('majority').



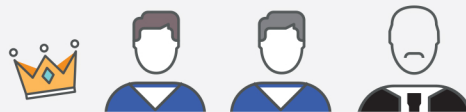
15th July OS (28th July NS) 1914

World War I begins.



5th September OS (18th September NS) 1915

Tsar Nicholas II assumes the role of Commander-in-Chief of the Russian army – becomes personally associated with military losses.



17th December OS (30th December NS) 1916

Rasputin is murdered.



25th October OS (7th November NS) 1917

The October Revolution begins. The Bolsheviks take over Petrograd (now St. Petersburg).



2nd March OS (15th March NS) 1917

Tsar Nicholas II abdicates in favour of his brother, the Grand Duke Michael, who declines the throne. Provisional government is formed.



23rd -27th February OS (8th – 12th March NS) 1917

The February Revolution begins.



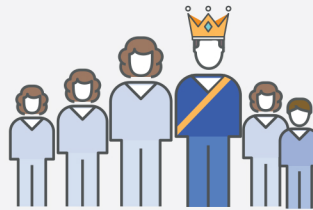
26th October OS (8th November NS) 1917

The Sovnarkom (Council of People's Commissars), led by Lenin, now in control of Russia.



1st February OS (14th February NS) 1918

Russia converts from the Julian calendar to the Gregorian.



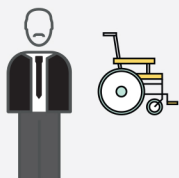
3rd March 1918

The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk is signed, ending Russia's involvement in WW1.



3rd April 1922

Stalin becomes General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party.



17th July 1918

The Russian Royal Family, as well as their doctor and three of their servants, are murdered in Yekatarinburg.



8th March 1918

The Bolshevik Party changes its name to the Communist Party.



15th December 1922

After suffering a couple of strokes, Lenin retires from politics.

30th December 1922

The USSR (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) is established.

21st January 1924

Lenin dies. Stalin consolidates his power and becomes dictator.



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